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## AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAWINGS

Please replace the drawings as originally filed with the replacement drawing sheets 1-56 provided herewith.

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#### REMARKS

This paper is responsive to the Examiner's Notice of Non-Complaint Amendment of April 1, 2008, and is also a supplemental response to the Office Action of August 24, 2007.

As shown above, Applicants have hereby amended the Specification, including the Title, the Abstract, and Claims 1, 4 and 48, and added new Claims 50-72. Thus, Claims 1-6 and 46-72 are presently pending in this application. Support for these amendments can be found in the Application as originally filed. Reconsideration of the application in view of the foregoing amendments and following remarks is respectfully requested.

The specific changes to the specification, abstract and any amended claims are shown by strikethrough or double bracketing for any deletions, and underlining for any insertions.

#### Amendments to the Specification

As shown above, the Title has been amended. Support for this amendment can be found in the Application as originally filed. No new matter has been introduced. Accordingly, Applicants request entry, of this amendment.

As also shown above, the first three paragraphs of the specification have been amended to update the status of the priority applications, as appropriate.

Applicants note an inadvertent paragraph numbering error on page 1 of the specification as originally filed, wherein two paragraphs have been numbered as [0003]. The second of these paragraphs should be numbered as [0004], and the subsequent paragraph numbering should be increased by one.

#### Amendments to the Abstract

As shown above, the Abstract of the Disclosure has been amended. Support for this amendment can be found in the Application as originally filed. No new matter has been introduced. Accordingly, Applicants request entry of this amendment.

To comply with the Examiner's Notice of Non-Complaint Amendment of April 1, 2008, the Abstract has been presented on a separate page.

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## Amendments to the Drawings

The drawings as originally filed have been replaced by the enclosed 56 sheets of drawings with each sheet identified as a "Replacement Sheet" in the top margin to comply with 37 C.F.R. § 1.121(d).

These drawings comprise a full set of formal drawings, since some of the drawings as originally filed contained informalities. No new matter has been introduced. Accordingly, Applicants request entry of these formal drawings.

## Claim Rejections and Amendments

The Examiner rejected Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 46 and 47 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,450,984 B1 to Lynch et al. ("the '984 Lynch patent"); Claims 47 and 48 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious in view of the '984 Lynch patent; Claims 3 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious in view of the combination of the '984 Lynch patent and U.S. Patent No. 7,033,603 B2 to Nelson et al. ("Nelson"); and Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 48, 49 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being obvious in view of the combination of U.S. Patent No. 4,554,918 to White ("White") and U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2005/0119737 A1 to Bene et al. ("Bene").

Applicants respectfully traverse these rejections and the Examiner's characterization of the cited references. (Applicants further believe that the obviousness rejection of Claim 47 is a typographical error in the Office Action.)

In this case, independent Claims 1, 4 and 48 have been amended, as shown above, to vary the scope of protection of Applicants' claimed invention, and not to overcome the prior art. These amendments are supported by the Application as originally filed, and no new matter has been introduced.

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#### Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 46 and 47 are Not Anticipated by the '984 Lynch patent

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 46 and 47 are supported by Applicants' priority U.S. Patent Application No. 09/549,350, filed April 14, 2000 (now U.S. Patent No. 6,638,239 B1). These claims thus are entitled to an effective filing date of April 14, 2000.

In contrast, the '984 Lynch patent has a filing date of April 26, 2000, and while this patent claims priority to a provisional application 60/131,030 ( "the Lynch provisional"), that disclosure does not provide support for many features disclosed in the '984 Lynch patent, as discussed further herein.

The Examiner asserted that the Lynch provisional provides sufficient enablement under 35 U.S.C. § 112, 1st paragraph for the disclosed apparatus and method in the '984 Lynch patent, and qualifies as prior art as per M.P.E.P. 2136.03 (III).

Applicants disagree with this assertion. The Lynch provisional, on page 11, discloses a device and method for shunting aqueous fluid from the anterior chamber into Schlemm's canal, and, on pages 13 and 14, discloses a different device and method for delivering medication to Schlemm's canal and the trabecular meshwork.

Firstly, these "shunting aqueous fluid" and "delivering medication" disclosures in the Lynch provisional are clearly independent and distinct inventions from one another. This understanding is further evidenced from Lynch's subsequent unrelated non-provisional filings, one of which was directed toward the "Shunt Device and Method for Treating Glaucoma" (U.S. Patent No. 6,450,984) and the other of which was directed toward an "Inflatable Device and Method of Treating Glaucoma" (U.S. Patent No. 6,524,275).

Moreover, there is no teaching or suggestion in the Lynch provisional to combine the two distinct inventions. As such, the Lynch provisional <u>fails</u> to satisfy the requirement of 35 U.S.C. § 112, 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph for enablement of an aqueous shunt with a therapeutic agent as disclosed in the '984 Lynch patent.

M.P.E.P. 2136.03 (III) states (emphasis in original):

The 35 U.S.C. 102(e) critical reference date of a U.S. patent ... entitled to the benefit of the filing date of a provisional

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Applicants are submitting a petition to correction inventorship to include Mr. Olav Bergheim and Dr. Morteza Gharib, who were mistakenly omitted from being named as inventors on the above-captioned application.

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application under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) is the filing date of the provisional application with certain exceptions if the provisional application(s) properly supports the subject matter relied upon to make the rejection in compliance with 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicants submit that the disclosure of the Lynch provisional does <u>not</u> enable a person skilled in the art to combine the disclosed shunt with a drug, and as such it does not provide a 102(e) critical date for the '984 Lynch patent for this feature, among others.

Secondly, implantation of the aqueous shunt in the Lynch provisional involves cutting Schlemm's canal posteriorly and anteriorly (see, e.g. page 11, third paragraph) so that a portion of the shunt is in the anterior chamber and another portion of the shunt is in Schlemm's canal. In contrast, the drug delivery device in the Lynch provisional is inserted only into Schlemm's canal through a posterior incision and anterior penetration of the Schlemm's canal is avoided so that the "drug is not diluted by aqueous fluid from the entire anterior chamber." (Page 13, paragraphs 3-5). Thus, the Lynch provisional clearly teaches away from providing a drug in combination with the shunt, since the shunt by its disclosed purpose is directly exposed to aqueous fluid from the anterior chamber.

Accordingly, there is no teaching or suggestion in the Lynch provisional to provide an aqueous shunt with a drug.

Turning now to the specific claims, independent Claim 1 is directed to an implant for treating an ocular disorder and recites, among other things: a body comprising material that includes a therapeutic drug. As discussed above and herein, the Lynch provisional does not teach or suggest an implant with this structure. Accordingly, Claim 1 is not anticipated by the '984 Lynch patent.

Claims 2 and 46 depend from Claim 1, and are not anticipated by the '984 Lynch patent for at least the same reasons Claim 1 is not, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein. Moreover, the combination of features recited in Applicants' implant of Claim 1, and its dependent claims, are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references.

Independent Claim 4 is directed to an implant for treating an ocular disorder and recites, among other things: a body having a therapeutic drug in or on said body. As discussed above

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and herein, the Lynch provisional does not teach or suggest an implant with this structure. Accordingly, Claim 4 is not anticipated by the '984 Lynch patent.

Claims 5 and 47 depend from Claim 4, and are not anticipated by the '984 Lynch patent for at least the same reasons Claim 4 is not, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein. Moreover, the combination of features recited in Applicants' implant of Claim 4, and its dependent claims, are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references.

## Claims 3 and 6 are Patentable Over the Combination of the '984 Lynch patent and Nelson

The Examiner's comments with respect to Claim 3, which depends from Claim 1, are noted. However, they stand moot since, as discussed above and herein, the Lynch provisional fails to teach or suggest the limitations of Claim 1. Thus, the combination of the '984 Lynch patent and Nelson does not render Claim 3 obvious, and Claim 3 is patentable over the applied combination.

The Examiner's comments with respect to Claim 6, which depends from Claim 4, are also noted. However, again, they stand moot since, as discussed above and herein, the Lynch provisional fails to teach or suggest the limitations of Claim 4. Thus, the combination of the '984 Lynch patent and Nelson does not render Claim 6 obvious, and Claim 6 is patentable over the applied combination.

## Claim 48 is Patentable Over the '984 Lynch patent

Independent Claim 48 is directed to a method of treating an ocular disorder and recites, among other things: introducing an implant comprising a therapeutic drug into an anterior chamber of an eye. As discussed above and herein, the Lynch provisional fails to teach or suggest a method utilizing an implant with this structure. Accordingly, Claim 48 is patentable the '984 Lynch patent. Moreover, the combination of features recited in Applicants' method of Claim 48, and its dependent claims, are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references.

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## Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 48 and 49 are Patentable Over the Combination of White and Bene

The Examiner asserted that the combination of the ocular device of White with the ocular implant drug coating of Bene renders Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 48 obvious. Applicants disagree with the Examiner's assertion on the bases set forth below and herein.

Applicants' Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 48 and 49 all recite, among other things, a "physiological outflow pathway" and a "therapeutic drug." Of these, Claims 1 and 4 are independent claims directed to an implant for treating an ocular disorder, and Claim 48 is an independent Claim directed to a method of treating an ocular disorder.

Applicant's specification discloses physiological outflow pathways, at various instances, which drain aqueous humor from the anterior chamber of an eye. For example, at paragraph number [0008] of the specification as originally filed, it states, among other things (emphasis added):

Aqueous humor is a transparent liquid that fills the region between the cornea, at the front of the eye, and the lens. The aqueous humor is continuously secreted by the ciliary body around the lens, so there is an essentially constant flow of aqueous humor from the ciliary body to the eye's anterior chamber. The anterior chamber pressure is determined by a balance between the production of aqueous and its exit through the trabecular meshwork (major route) or uveal scleral outflow (minor route). The iris and the back of the cornea, in the anterior chamber angle.

It is important to recognize that these physiological outflow pathways are "natural" outflow pathways. For example, at paragraph number [0425] of the specification as originally filed, it states, among other things:

Such natural outflow pathways include Schlemm's canal 22, aqueous collector channels, aqueous veins, and episcleral veins.

Of course, it is understood that eventually the drained aqueous humor will reach the central venous system. However, this is not a "physiological" or "natural" outflow pathway for the drainage of aqueous fluid from the anterior chamber.

White relates to an ocular pressure relief device and discloses <u>artificially or surgically</u> created aqueous drainage sites such as a bleb "A" (see, FIGS. 1 and 4) or a "surgically prepared

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subconjunctival space" (see, e.g., column 6, line 39, emphasis added). Thus, these are <u>not</u> physiological outflow pathways as set forth in Applicants' Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 48 and 49.

Applicants are aware that White also discloses a "vortex vein" as an aqueous drainage site, as pointed out by the Examiner. The Examiner takes the position that the vortex vein is a physiological outflow pathway.

Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position. Submitted in the Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement (filed on February 25, 2008) is a September 2004 published article by Wagner et al. ("Wagner article") which discusses recent findings that strongly indicate that aqueous drainage through the vortex veins is substantially non-existent. The Examiner is directed to page 1, last 2 lines to page 2, first line of the Wagner article whereat earlier results are mentioned. It should be noted that the studies of references 1-3 from the 1970s are contradicted by later references 4-5 of 1998 and 2002. Moreover, the Wagner article of 2004 further corroborates these later findings.

Accordingly, Applicants submit that the vortex vein should not be considered a physiological outflow pathway.

Turning now to the specific claims, independent Claim 1 is directed to an implant for treating an ocular disorder and recites, among other things (emphasis added):

said inlet portion configured to reside in an anterior chamber of an eye when the outlet portion is disposed in a physiological outflow pathway of the eye, said outlet portion having an outflow opening such that said body drains fluid from the anterior chamber to the physiological outflow pathway.

As discussed above and herein, since White fails to teach or suggest an implant with this structure, the combination of White and Bene fails to do so also. Accordingly, Claim 1 is patentable over the applied combination.

Claim 2 depends from Claim 1, and is patentable for at least the same reasons Claim 1 is, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein. Moreover, the combination of features recited in Applicants' implant of Claim 1, and its dependent claims, are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references.

Independent Claim 4 is directed to an implant for treating an ocular disorder and recites, among other things (emphasis added):

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said inlet portion configured to drain fluid from an anterior chamber of an eye to the outlet portion when the outlet portion is disposed in a physiological outflow pathway.

As discussed above and herein, since White fails to teach or suggest an implant with this structure, the combination of White and Bene fails to do so also. Accordingly, Claim 4 is patentable over the applied combination.

Claim 5 depends from Claim 1, and is patentable for at least the same reasons Claim 4 is, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein. Moreover, the combination of features recited in Applicants' implant of Claim 4, and its dependent claims, are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references.

Independent Claim 48 is directed to a method of treating an ocular disorder and recites, among other things (emphasis added):

# ... such that the implant drains aqueous humor from the anterior chamber into a physiological outflow pathway.

As discussed above and herein, since White fails to teach or suggest a method utilizing an implant with this structure, the combination of White and Bene fails to do so also. Accordingly, Claim 48 is patentable over the applied combination.

Claim 49 depends from Claim 48, and is patentable for at least the same reasons Claim 48 is, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein. Moreover, the combination of features recited in Applicants' method of Claim 48, and its dependent claims, are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references.

#### New Claims 50-72

Applicants have added new Claims 50-72 to further vary the scope of protection. These claims are supported by the Application as originally filed, and no new matter has been introduced.

Claims 50 and 51 depend from independent Claim 48, and are patentable for at least the same reasons Claim 48 is, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein.

Claims 52-54 depend from independent Claim 1, and are patentable for at least the same reasons Claim 1 is, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein.

Claims 55-57 depend from independent Claim 4, and are patentable for at least the same reasons Claim 1 is, and because of the unique combination of features recited therein.

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Claims 58-63, Claims 64-66, Claims 67-69, and Claims 70-72 comprise new claim sets. These claims define over the prior art, since the combination of features recited therein are not found in an individual prior art reference, or rendered obvious by a combination of prior art references. For example, the applied references in the outstanding office action fail to disclose or teach advancing an implant into eye tissue such that the implant is in contact with at least the choroid of the eye, as recited in Claim 58. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully submit that these new claims are allowable as presented.

#### No Disclaimers or Disavowals

Although the present communication may include alterations to the application or claims, or characterizations of claim scope or referenced art, Applicants are not conceding in this application that previously pending claims are not patentable over the cited references. Rather, any alterations or characterizations are being made to facilitate expeditious prosecution of this application. Applicants reserve the right to pursue at a later date any previously pending or other broader or narrower claims that capture any subject matter supported by the present disclosure, including subject matter found to be specifically disclaimed herein or by any prior prosecution. Accordingly, reviewers of this or any parent, child or related prosecution history shall not reasonably infer that Applicants have made any disclaimers or disavowals of any subject matter supported by the present application.

## Related Cases

In addition to the Amendments and Remarks provided above, Applicants provide the following table to aid the Examiner during prosecution. The following U.S. issued patents and patent applications are related to the above-captioned application in that they have at least one listed inventor or assignee in common with the above-captioned application:

| Attorney Docket | (Patent No.) | Filing Date | Title                                |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| GLAUKO.001A     | 09/549.350   | 14-Apr-2000 | APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TREATING    |
| GENERO.001A     | (6,638,239)  | 14-Api-2000 | GLAUCOMA                             |
| GLAUKO.001C1    | 10/309,711   | 04-Dec-2002 | APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TREATING    |
|                 | (6,955,656)  |             | GLAUCOMA                             |
| GLAUKO.001C2    | 10/395,627   | 21-Mar-2003 | L-SHAPED IMPLANT WITH BI-DIRECTIONAL |
|                 | (6,780,164)  |             | FLOW                                 |

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| Attorney Docket<br>No. | Appl. No.<br>(Patent No.) | Filing Date | Title   |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---|
| GLAUKO.1C2C2           | 10/782,382                | 19-Feb-2004 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT KIT  |
| GLAUKO.1C2C2C          | 11/836,118                | 08-Aug-2007 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT WITH VALVE   |
| GLAUKO.1C2C3           | 10/889,254                | 12-Jul-2004 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT WITH BI-DIRECTIONAL FLOW   |
| GLAUKO.001C3           | 10/395,633<br>(Abandoned) | 21-Mar-2003 | IMPLANT WITH DRUG COATING   |
| GLAUKO.1C3CP2          | 11/126,868                | 11-May-2005 | INJECTABLE GEL IMPLANT FOR GLAUCOMA<br>TREATMENT  |
| GLAUKO.001C4           | 10/395,631<br>(7,297,130) | 21-Mar-2003 | IMPLANT WITH ANCHOR   |
| GLAUKO.1C4C1           | 11/123,443                | 06-May-2005 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT WITH MULTIPLE OPENINGS   |
| GLAUKO.1C4C2           | 11/124,440                | 06-May-2005 | METHOD OF TREATING GLAUCOMA USING AN IMPLANT HAVING A UNIFORM DIAMETER BETWEEN THE ANTERIOR CHAMBER AND SCHLEMM'S CANAL |
| GLAUKO.1C4C3           | 11/294,794<br>(Abandoned) | 06-Dec-2005 | SHUNT DEVICE AND METHOD FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA   |
| GLAUKO.1C4C4           | 11/295,066<br>(Abandoned) | 06-Dec-2005 | SHUNT DEVICE AND METHOD FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA   |
| GLAUKO.1C4C6           | 11/412,581<br>(Abandoned) | 27-Apr-2006 | SHUNT DEVICE AND METHOD FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA   |
| GLAUKO.1C4C7           | 11/412,454<br>(Abandoned) | 27-Apr-2006 | SHUNT DEVICE AND METHOD FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA   |
| GLAUKO.1C4C10          | 11/841,967                | 20-Aug-2007 | THERAPEUTIC SHUNT DEVICE AND METHOD<br>FOR TREATING GLAUCOMA  |
| GLAUKO.1C5CPI          | 10/636,797                | 07-Aug-2003 | IMPLANTABLE OCULAR PUMP TO REDUCE<br>INTRAOCULAR PRESSURE   |
| GLAUKO.1C5CP2          | 10/910,962                | 04-Aug-2004 | IMPLANTABLE OCULAR PUMP TO REDUCE INTRAOCULAR PRESSURE  |
| GLAUKO.001CPI          | 09/704,276<br>(6,736,791) | 01-Nov-2000 | GLAUCOMA TREATMENT DEVICE   |
| GLAUKO.1CP1C1          | 10/824,052<br>(Abandoned) | 14-Apr-2004 | GLAUCOMA TREATMENT DEVICE   |
| GLAUKO.1CP1C1C         | 11/836,109                | 08-Aug-2007 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT WITH ANCHOR  |
| GLAUKO.005A            | 09/847,523<br>(6,666,841) | 02-May-2001 | BIFURCATABLE TRABECULAR SHUNT FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT  |
| GLAUKO.005C1           | 10/626,181<br>(6,981,958) | 24-Jul-2003 | IMPLANT WITH PRESSURE SENSOR FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT   |
| GLAUKO.005C1C1         | 11/121,584                | 04-May-2005 | IMPLANTS FOR TREATING OCULAR DISORDERS  |
| GLAUKO.005C1C2         | 11/209,563<br>(Abandoned) | 23-Aug-2005 | BIODEGRADABLE GLAUCOMA IMPLANT  |

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| Attorney Docket<br>No. | Appl. No.<br>(Patent No.) | Filing Date | Title   |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---|
| GLAUKO.5C1CP1          | 10/950,175                | 24-Sep-2004 | IMPLANT WITH INTRAOCULAR PRESSURE                             |
|                        |                           |             | SENSOR FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT                                 |
| GLAUKO.007A            | 10/137,117                | 01-May-2002 | GLAUCOMA DEVICE AND METHODS THEREOF                           |
|                        | (Abandoned)               |             |   |
| GLAUKO.010A            | 10/046,137                | 08-Nov-2001 | DRUG-RELEASING TRABECULAR IMPLANT                             |
|                        | (Abandoned)               |             | FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT  |
| GLAUKO.011A            | 10/118,578                | 08-Apr-2002 | GLAUCOMA STENT AND METHODS THEREOF                            |
|                        | (7,135,009)               |             | FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT  |
| GLAUKO.011C1           | 11/598,542                | 13-Nov-2006 | IMPLANT AND METHODS THEREOF FOR TREATMENT OF OCULAR DISORDERS |
| GLAUKO.011C1C1         | 12/111,033                | 28-Apr-2008 | SYSTEM FOR TREATING OCULAR DISORDERS                          |
|                        |                           |             | AND METHODS THEREOF   |
| GLAUKO.011CP1          | 10/634,213                | 05-Aug-2003 | DEVICES AND METHODS FOR GLAUCOMA<br>TREATMENT                 |
| GLAUKO.11CP1C1         | 11/836,106                | 08-Aug-2007 | DEVICES AND METHODS FOR GLAUCOMA                              |
|                        |                           |             | TREATMENT   |
| GLAUKO.11CP1C2         | 11/836,112                | 08-Aug-2007 | DEVICES AND METHODS FOR GLAUCOMA<br>TREATMENT                 |
| GLAUKO.011CP2          | 10/695,668                | 28-Oct-2003 | GLAUCOMA TREATMENT KIT  |
|                        |                           |             |   |
| GLAUKO.11CP2CP1        | 11/084,314                | 18-Mar-2005 | INJECTABLE GLAUCOMA IMPLANTS WITH                             |
| GLAUKO.011CP3          | 11/083,713                | 18-Mar-2005 | MULTIPLE OPENINGS OCULAR IMPLANTS WITH ANCHORS                |
| GLAUKO.011CP3          | 11/083,/13                | 18-Mar-2005 | OCULAR IMPLANTS WITH ANCHORS                                  |
| GLAUKO.013A            | 10/139,800                | 03-May-2002 | MEDICAL DEVICE AND METHODS OF USE FOR                         |
|                        | (7,094,225)               |             | GLAUCOMA TREATMENT  |
| GLAUKO.013C1           | 11/255,625                | 21-Oct-2005 | MEDICAL DEVICE AND METHODS OF USE FOR<br>GLAUCOMA TREATMENT   |
| GLAUKO.013C1DV1        | (7,273,475)<br>11/860,785 | 25-Sep-2007 | OCULAR IMPLANT WITH DOUBLE ANCHOR                             |
| GLAUKO.013C1DV1        | 11/800,783                | ·           | MECHANISM   |
| GLAUKO.017A            | 10/231,342                | 28-Aug-2002 | GLAUCOMA STENT FOR TREATING                                   |
|                        |                           |             | GLAUCOMA AND METHODS OF USE                                   |
| GLAUKO.017C1           | 11/455,598                | 19-Jun-2006 | GLAUCOMA STENT SYSTEM   |
| GLAUKO.017C2           | 11/455,391                | 19-Jun-2006 | GLAUCOMA STENT SYSTEM   |
| GLAUKO.019A            | 10/395,646                | 21-Mar-2003 | EXPANDABLE GLAUCOMA IMPLANT AND                               |
|                        | (Abandoned)               |             | METHODS OF USE  |
| GLAUKO.020A            | 10/384,912                | 07-Mar-2003 | FLUID INFUSION METHODS FOR GLAUCOMA                           |
|                        | (7,186,232)               |             | TREATMENT   |
| GLAUKO.020C1           | 11/332,746                | 12-Jan-2006 | FLUID INFUSION METHODS FOR OCULAR                             |
| CLAURO 020CP:          | 11/252 054                | 12 E-1 2005 | DISORDER TREATMENT  |
| GLAUKO.020CP1          | 11/353,854<br>(Abandoned) | 13-Feb-2006 | LIQUID JET FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT                             |
| GLAUKO.022A            | 10/165,616                | 07-Jun-2002 | COMBINED TREATMENT FOR CATARACT AND                           |
|                        | (7,163,543)               | 1           | GLAUCOMA TREATMENT  |

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| Attorney Docket<br>No. | Appl. No.<br>(Patent No.) | Filing Date | Title   |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---|
| GLAUKO.022C1           | 11/653,815                | 16-Jan-2007 | COMBINED TREATMENT FOR CATARACT AND GLAUCOMA TREATMENT      |
| GLAUKO.023A            | 10/409,028<br>(Abandoned) | 07-Apr-2003 | DRUG-RELEASING IMPLANT FOR OPTIC NERVE PROTECTION           |
| GLAUKO.026A            | 10/420,354<br>(Abandoned) | 18-Apr-2003 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT WITH VALVELESS FLOW BIAS                   |
| GLAUKO.034A            | 10/662,696<br>(7,192,412) | 15-Sep-2003 | TARGETED STENT PLACEMENT AND MULTI-<br>STENT THERAPY        |
| GLAUKO.035A            | 10/667,580                | 22-Sep-2003 | GLAUCOMA IMPLANT AND DELIVERY SYSTEM                        |
| GLAUKO.037A            | 10/683,767                | 10-Oct-2003 | LIQUID JET TRABECULOTOMY                                    |
| GLAUKO.039A            | 10/703,392<br>(Abandoned) | 07-Nov-2003 | IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM FOR GLAUCOMA<br>IMPLANTS              |
| GLAUKO.046A            | 10/763,569<br>(Abandoned) | 23-Jan-2004 | VASOMODULATION DURING GLAUCOMA<br>SURGERY                   |
| GLAUKO.051A            | 10/860,785                | 02-Jun-2004 | COIL IMPLANT FOR GLAUCOMA TREATMENT                         |
| GLAUKO.055A            | 10/915,831<br>(Abandoned) | 11-Aug-2004 | CONTRAST-ENHANCED OCULAR IMAGING                            |
| GLAUKO.063A            | 11/045,417                | 27-Jan-2005 | AQUEOUS OUTFLOW ENHANCEMENT WITH VASODILATED AQUEOUS CAVITY |
| GLAUKO.076A            | 11/286,779                | 22-Nov-2005 | OPHTHALMOLOGY IMPLANTS AND METHODS<br>OF MANUFACTURE        |
| GLAUKO.099A            | 11/938,238                | 09-Nov-2007 | UVEOSCLERAL SHUNT AND METHODS FOR IMPLANTING SAME           |

Copies of the patents, applications, and pending claims, including any office actions and allowances, are available through PAIR. However, if the Examiner so requests, Applicants will be happy to provide the Examiner with copies of any patents, applications, pending claims, office actions, allowances, or any other documents, at any time.

Further, office actions from several of the above-identified cases have been listed on Form PTO/SB/08 Equivalent of the Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement submitted on February 25, 2008. The Examiner's consideration of this Information Disclosure Statement is respectfully requested.

#### Conclusion

Applicants respectfully submit that the claims are in condition for allowance in view of the above remarks. Any remarks in support of patentability of one claim, however, should not be imputed to any other claim, even if similar terminology is used. Additionally, any remarks Application No.:

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Filing Date:

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referring to only a portion of a claim should not be understood to base patentability on that portion; rather, patentability must rest on each claim taken as a whole. Applicants respectfully traverse each of the Examiner's rejections and each of the Examiner's assertions regarding what the prior art shows or teaches, even if not expressly discussed herein. Although amendments have been made, no acquiescence or estoppel is or should be implied thereby. Rather, the amendments are made only to expedite prosecution of the present application, and without prejudice to presentation or assertion, in the future, of claims on the subject matter affected thereby. Applicants also have not presented arguments concerning whether the applied references can be properly combined in view of, among other things, the clearly missing elements noted above, and Applicants reserve the right to later contest whether a proper reason exists to combine these references as well as to later present facts and arguments supporting the non-obviousness of the claimed subject matter.

Applicants have made a good faith effort to respond to the outstanding Office Action. Nevertheless, if any undeveloped issues remain or if any issues require clarification, the Examiner is cordially invited to contact Applicants' attorney, at the telephone number below, to resolve any such issues promptly. Also, please charge any additional fees, including any fees for additional extension of time, or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 11-1410.

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated: May 1, 2008

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